

THE WEATHER

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PRICE TWO CENTS

PRESIDENT-ELECT IN A "CASEY JONES" ROLE



En route to Point Isabel, Tex., Mr. Harding took the thrill for twenty-three miles as the train tore through the wild Texas country. Mrs. Harding enjoyed the experience.

POLICE FIGHT CREW WITH GUNS IN DARK

Detectives, Dressed as Sailors, Join in Battle on Deck to Foil Robbery

RAIDERS CLUB EACH OTHER

Blackjacks swung and pistols flashed in a wild fight last night over the decks of the United States shipping board vessel Fort Armstrong, as she lay at anchor in midstream of the Delaware, off Snyder avenue wharf.

Patrolmen and private detectives, disguised as sailors, fought up and down the forward deck of the big steel freighter with members of the crew, whom they tried to arrest when, it is charged, a "junk boat" was called by a secret signal to the side of the ship, and an attempt made to slip a quantity of valuable cable over the side.

In the rough-and-tumble fight, with the deck so dark it was almost impossible to distinguish friend from foe, a patrolman and a private detective engaged in a duel with blackjacks, each mistaking the other for a river pirate. They beat each other into insensibility, and today are in Jefferson Hospital.

Three Held in Jail

The story of the fight was revealed today before United States Commissioner Manley, in the Federal Building, who held Samuel Deaver, 2833 South Howard street, and Michael Corbett, 141 Snyder avenue, in \$1000 bail for court, and Harry Baumgard, a member of the crew, in a like amount for further hearings next Thursday.

Baumgard's hearing was postponed so that Patrolman James Dobson, of the Fourth street and Snyder avenue station, and Private Detective Desmond Mallet, could be present to testify. These are the men who are in the hospital recovering from injuries inflicted on each other.

The federal authorities believe last night's melee and the action taken by the United States commissioner today will have far reaching effects. They think that this is but the beginning of a series of raids on government ships.

The story of the fight on the Fort Armstrong, and of what led up to it, reads like a piece of sea fiction. For a long time it has been suspected that "river pirates" were making big gains at night along the broad highway of the river, stealing from the many ships that have come to port recently, either by stealth or by connivance of members of the crew.

The police made their preparations carefully, working in harmony with the shipping board authorities. Four private detectives were engaged to guard the Fort Armstrong and three patrolmen were taken off for the same purpose. All the seven, dressed in the sort of clothes sailorsmen wear, were brought one by one to the Fort Armstrong, being introduced as new members of the crew.

Day and night they kept watch for suspicious circumstances. Last night the seven were on guard when they saw a mysterious signal, a flash from a pocket electric torch. The light walked on and off from the bow of the boat, where one was lurking.

The men on guard waited developments. At the hearing, a low and dingy-looking launch drew alongside the ship.

Whispered Conference

There was some whispered conversation, and then the low noise of men working singly to lower some heavy object from the side of the ship.

A signal the detectives and patrolmen sprang towards the thicker darkness near the bow of the ship where the men were working.

Then came a short, sharp fight. The combatants swayed about the deck, striking wildly in the darkness, grappling and tripping over loose gear. The men in the boat put off as swiftly as they could. The detectives fired a revolver volley after the launch, and it was soon stopped and brought back to the Fort Armstrong as the bullets began to cut into its woodwork.

The hottest fight of all was that between Dobson and Mallet. They had beaten each other severely before they discovered they were friends instead of foes.

Cardinal Farrar Seriously Ill

Milan, Nov. 16.—(By A. P.)—Cardinal Andrea Carlo Farrar, archbishop of Milan, is reported to be seriously ill. He was born in 1850 and was created cardinal in 1894.

HARDING, AT BROWNSVILLE, MEETS SENATOR FALL

Understood to Have Talked Over Mexican Conditions

Brownsville, Tex., Nov. 16.—(By A. P.)—Forced by wind and weather to abandon his vacation in Point Isabel, President-elect Harding turned his attention today to work that has been piling up during his week of isolation.

He hoped to go out for a game of golf before the day was over, but first he cleared away some of his accumulated correspondence and did some work on the address he is to deliver Thursday in New Orleans. He also received his first cables since he came to Texas, Governor W. P. Hobby of this state, and Senator A. B. Fall, of New Mexico, being among those with whom he had engagements.

Governor Hobby came to extend formally the appreciation of Texas of Mr. Harding's visit and Senator Fall, who was chairman of the Senate committee on Mexican affairs, is understood to have discussed border conditions.

Senator and Mrs. Harding came to Brownsville from Point Isabel yesterday, and will leave tomorrow for New Orleans, where they will go aboard a steamer for Panama.

ART IN THE NUDE

"Fine Likeness of Bald Spot," Says Tom Smith of Portrait

Former Mayor Thomas B. Smith today said for the first time his portrait hanging in the Mayor's reception room in City Hall.

He called under the impression that there was to be a meeting of the police commission and, somewhat embarrassed, took him up to the north wall and showed him the painting.

Mr. Smith gazed at it a long time without comment. Then he said: "It doesn't look as though I was as prosperous then as I am now, does it?"

"What do you think of it as a likeness?" he was asked.

"Well," he hesitated, "it certainly is a fine likeness of my bald spot."

COAL CONFERENCE DELAYED

Anthracite Board, However, Meets to Adjust Grievances

Opening of the conference of representatives of the anthracite miners and operators to take up settlement of their wage dispute was delayed today by a meeting of the Anthracite Board of Conciliation to adjust miners' grievances. Meetings are held in the Reading Terminal.

Thomas Kennedy, of Hazleton, chairman of the miners' delegation, said as soon as the conciliation board cleared up several back-pay cases now under consideration the wage conference would probably be called.

"We are ready to go ahead as soon as the operators give the word," he said, adding there was a possibility of the reopening of the negotiations going over until tomorrow.

Philip Murray, international vice president of the United Mine Workers, arrived today from Pittsburgh, to represent the international organization in the wage negotiations.

WILD RIDE ENDS IN JAIL

Chauffeur for Dr. D. J. MacCarthy Is Accused of Reckless Driving

James Shields, of Eighteenth street near South, chauffeur for Dr. D. J. MacCarthy, of 2025 Walnut street, today was held in \$6000 bail for a further hearing by Magistrate O'Brien, at the Twelfth and Pine streets station, charged with reckless driving.

Patrolmen Moorefield, McLaughlin and Harren, of the seventh and Pine streets station, testified that Shields drove a large motorcar north on Seventeenth street at a high speed at 3 o'clock this morning.

When they tried to halt the chauffeur, he veered the automobile on to the sidewalk. They escaped being struck by jumping into an alleyway, they testified.

Shields continued north on Seventeenth street without reducing his speed. At Addison street his car crashed into the automobile of Allen, of 1350 Pine street. The collision drove Allen's auto into a telephone pole, while the car Shields was driving crashed into a wall. Neither Shields nor Allen was injured.

The Bureau at Athens has been closed for a panic, it is said.

HELD AS HIGHWAYMAN

Prisoner Is Charged With Hold-Up in Germantown

Handy Beckett, twenty-one years old, a negro, who gave his address as 401 East Halsted street, Germantown, was held without bail by Magistrate Pennock today charged with an attempted highway robbery on two servants, on Washington lane, Saturday night.

The two women, Bridget Kennedy and Mary McElhenny, who are employed in the home of L. A. Sylvester, 1109 East Washington lane, testified that they were attacked by Beckett and another tall negro, while walking home on Washington lane. Beckett, they declared, snatched an open bag, and Kennedy, who dropped it and ran away with the other man when she recognized him.

Beckett was later arrested by Detective McFarland, but the other man escaped.

FUR STORE ROBBED

Thieves Work While Family Sleeps Over Shop

Thieves entered the fur store of Benjamin Wallich, at 1233 South Fifth street, after 2 o'clock this morning and obtained fur coats and valises valued at \$500.

Mr. Wallich, his wife and children were asleep in their home over the store while the robbers were at work. The police found the store until 2 o'clock.

A real shutter and window were forced by the men, who virtually wiped out Mr. Wallich's stock. The police of the Third and Dickinson streets station are investigating the robbery.

THIEVES LOAD SAFE INTO MOTORTRUCK; FAMILY LOOKS ON

Gloucester, N. J., Bottling Works Robbed of Strong Box Containing Cash and Checks

POLICE STATION ONLY SHORT DISTANCE AWAY

Two men loaded a safe on a motor-truck and drove away with it at 2 o'clock this morning at Gloucester, N. J., while the owner of the safe, his wife and a second man looked on, too frightened to make any protest.

The safe contained \$150 cash, \$20 in checks and valuable deeds and insurance papers.

Nathan Greenberg is proprietor of the establishment, which is at 323 Jersey avenue, six blocks from a police station. Greenberg lives at 317 Jersey avenue, his home being separated from the bottling works by a vacant lot.

Just before 2 o'clock this morning Greenberg was awakened by the engine of a motortruck, which was driven into the yard of the bottling establishment and backed against a loading platform.

Family Views Scene

When Nathan Greenberg believed the truck was one of his own. When he saw the men force a side door he crossed his wife and two children, Bernard Schneider, who makes his home with the Greenbergs.

There is no telephone in Greenberg's home and he was too frightened to leave the house to summon aid.

Peering from an upstairs window, they watched the robbers enter the office of the bottling works and calmly move the heavy safe out onto the platform.

The men struggled several minutes before they succeeded in loading the safe on their truck. The safe was 3 by 3 by 4 feet.

During the robbery a large Airedale terrier which Greenberg kept as a watchdog was mistreated by the robbers. The dog was spirited away by confederates of the robbers. The dog returned later, uninjured.

When the men had loaded the safe on their truck and driven away, Schneider rushed over to the telephone in the office of the bottling works and notified the police.

Patrolmen Summoned

Within five minutes Patrolmen Simpson, Jennings, Blackburn and Prickett were at the scene, while other patrolmen were rushed to all exits from the town.

It is believed the robbers, with a five-minute start, reached a lonely spot outside of Gloucester, where they loaded the safe on a motortruck, which was being used by the surrounding woods.

Gloucester police are of the opinion that the robbers hoped to obtain whisky and other liquors from the bottles before prohibition went into effect.

"Mrs. Greenberg awakened me just as the robbers were carrying the safe out," she said. "I was too frightened to get up, and I was afraid that if I tried to interfere the men would kill me."

"I can't understand why the dog didn't interfere with the men. There must have been more than two of the robbers. It was so dark that we were unable to see their faces, and neither of the men or the motortruck."

SNOWSTORM IS COMING

Forecasters Predict Rain and Blustery Weather for Philadelphia

Old Man Boreas plays the leading role in the weather drama for the next two days, according to announcements both in the local bureau and in New York.

"Rain tonight and Wednesday, possibly mixed with snow; continued moderate to heavy rain and blizzards, becoming strong," the local forecast reads.

A storm warning was issued by the New York Weather Bureau today as follows:

"Northeast storm warning, Cape May, N. J., to Eastport, Me.; southern storm, increasing rapidly and moving northward; increasing northeast wind; heavy rain and blizzards, becoming strong," the local forecast reads.

A storm warning was issued by the New York Weather Bureau today as follows:

THREE HURT IN COLLISION

Two Men and Boy Injured as Car and Auto Crash in Camden

Two men and a boy were hurt today when a trolley car collided with an automobile at Fourth and Federal streets, Camden, and one of the motorcars was thrown against a second automobile.

Leonard Levinson, six years old, was thrown through the windshield into the street and six of his teeth were knocked out. The other two injured were Pauline and Arthur Levinson, father of the boy, and Arthur Duer, of Colwyn, Pa. Levinson has severe cuts, and Duer has a fractured ankle. The Levinson family lives at 507 Liberty street, Camden.

Levinson and his wife were in an automobile when a trolley car crashed into the motor and threw it against Duer's car, standing by the sidewalk. Duer was knocked down by the impact.

WON'T TRUST U. S. TO PAY

State Department Must Provide Money for Cable in Advance

Washington, Nov. 16.—(By A. P.)—The long-standing controversy between the State Department and the Western Union Telegraph Co. has reached the stage of an open break, the company refusing to handle any further cable messages for the department except upon prepayment of tolls.

The company's order was issued on November 10 and ostensibly was to apply to all departments of the government, but it was understood, however, that messages sent by other departments had been excepted informally from the ruling.

The Western Union based its action on the delay by the department in making payments on cable messages previously handled. Department officials asserted today, however, that it was, in their opinion, a step in retaliation for the failure of the department to permit the landing of a cable at Miami, Fla., connecting at Barbados with a British cable from South America.

Would Force Recall of Troops From Germany

Representative Kahn Has Plan to Hold Up Funds for Maintenance of U. S. Army of Occupation

By CLINTON W. GILBERT

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Washington, Nov. 16.—A strong effort will be made in the next Congress to force the withdrawal of the American troops from Germany, who are kept there under the terms of the armistice, guarding the occupied territory in the Rhine valley.

Representative Julius Kahn, of California, chairman of the house committee on military affairs, proposes to introduce an amendment to the army supply bill stipulating that none of the money appropriated be expended for the maintenance of troops in the German empire or in other places in Europe. This would apply not only to the Rhine valley, but to all the plebeian areas.

Mr. Kahn has several times in public speeches declared in favor of bringing home promptly the American troops in Europe. President-elect Harding is committed in his campaign speeches to this general policy, but it is doubtful whether he contemplates any such immediate withdrawal as Mr. Kahn proposes.

Wilson Not to Act

It may be asserted positively that President Wilson has no intention of bringing back the troops during what remains of his administration. The administration holds that this country is obligated to assist in holding the Rhine lands under the terms of the armistice. The other allied nations are occupying similar territory under the terms of the peace treaty. If this country becomes a party to that treaty it will undertake to occupy the Cologne bridgehead for ten years. The British, under the same treaty, will occupy the Cologne bridgehead for five years and the French and Belgians the Mayence bridgehead for five years.

The administration's plan was to keep our troops at Coblenz until the armistice until we agreed to the peace treaty and then to have them continue there under the treaty.

The troops in Europe, about 16,000 men and officers, are all members of the regular army recruited for European service. They are thus not like the drafted army. There is no special popular demand for their return to this country. They, themselves, undoubtedly like the assignment. Their pay will be more in Germany than anywhere else in the world and living conditions there are pleasant. The German Government, as dispatches from abroad show, is desirous to have them remain in Germany. They would much rather have that town and bridgehead occupied by American soldiers than by the forces of any allied power.

It is argued that the cost of occupation to date is \$27,000,000 and that though Germany under the terms of the armistice is obligated to pay the cost, by reason of her poverty she has failed so far to reimburse this country and thus the Rhine occupation is a charge upon the American taxpayer. But it would cost just as much to maintain the 16,000 regulars in the Philippines, and nearly as much to maintain them in this country.

The Republican Plan

The Republican theory under which Mr. Harding proposes to withdraw the troops is perfectly logical and explainable. The Republican plan is to make peace with Germany by resolution. When that peace is made the obligations of the armistice cease. Nor will this country undertake the obligations of the Versailles treaty. Thus there will be no legal reason for the American occupation of this country.

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HINTS MAYOR DISSATISFIED WITH POLICE CHIEF LIST

After a conference with Mayor Moore today, Director Cortelyou announced he would make no more appointments of police captains or lieutenants. It is understood that the Mayor is dissatisfied with the order of the names on the eligible lists for these positions. There is a big shake-up impending, it was said, in the police department and detective bureau because of the continuance of banditry.

FALL RIVER WAGE SCALE STANDS

FALL RIVER, Mass., Nov. 16.—Wages of the 35,000 operatives in the cotton mills here will remain at the scale that has been in force for the last six months according to an agreement reached by representatives of the manufacturers and employees today.

BANDITS STRIP MAN OF CAR, CASH, COAT

BROWNSVILLE, TEX. GOT HIM STATE JOB

Joseph Drucker Attacked in Own Garage and Beaten by Four Robbers

SHOTS FIRED IN CHASE ADVISED MAN'S ARREST

A lively tilt occurred before Judge Audenried today when counsel for John M. Nobre sought to develop that Francis Shunk Nobre owed his appointment as attorney general of Pennsylvania under the Brumbaugh administration to Senator Vare.

Nobre, former surveyor of the first district, is suing Senator Vare for alleged malicious prosecution. The senator two years ago formed Nobre's arrest, because the former surveyor charged Vare tried to have him falsify records in connection with a contract at League Island.

Mr. Brown resumed the stand today for cross-examination and related that he had advised Nobre's arrest for criminal libel, a charge of which Nobre was acquitted in court.

"I had positive proof that Nobre's accusations were utterly without a basis—in fact, they were infamously false," testified Mr. Brown. "And so I advised Senator Vare to have him arrested."

"How long have you represented Senator Vare?" asked W. W. Smithers, counsel for Nobre.

"Since 1917," replied Brown.

"That was about the time of the Catlin Commission sitting in this city?"

"Yes," Brown answered. Replying to another question Mr. Brown said he served as attorney general of the state from 1915 to 1919.

"And you received the appointment through Senator Vare's influence?" queried Mr. Smithers.

"Absolutely not," Mr. Brown asserted, emphatically. "I—"

Judge Audenried interrupted, informing Mr. Nobre that his question was improper and that he must confine himself to the advice given the senator by the witness.

Mr. Nobre is asking for compensatory and punitive damages, but has specified no amount.

109,269 JAPANESE IN HAWAII

Nipponese Comprise 42.7 Per Cent of Insular Population

Washington, Nov. 16.—(By A. P.)—The Japanese population of Hawaii was announced today by the census bureau as 109,269 out of a total population of 255,512. The Japanese constitute 42.7 per cent of the 1920 population of the islands.

The actual increase of Japanese on the island during the last decade was 23,594, or 27.1 per cent, as against a percentage gain of 30.4 per cent made during the ten years 1900-10.

HOOVER ADVISES UNION CHIEFS ON LABOR PROBLEMS

Crosses Continent to Discuss Questions of Industrial Peace in U. S.

ELIMINATION OF WASTE IN PRODUCTION PLANNED

By the Associated Press

Washington, Nov. 16.—Questions of industrial peace and relations between employers and labor were discussed today at a conference between leaders of organized labor and Herbert Hoover, former federal food administrator and member of President Wilson's second industrial conference.

Mr. Hoover, who came to the conference of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor at the request of President Gompers, said he had made the transcontinental trip from San Francisco to discuss "the whole industrial and employment situation."

Mr. Hoover said he had no definite program to offer, but that he expected to advise and discuss "with the labor officials on general conditions."

Differences appeared among members of the council as to the real purpose of Mr. Hoover's appearance. Prior to Mr. Hoover's arrival, William Green, secretary of the United Mine Workers, declared that the council would be the go-to any person to discuss the subject of industrial peace. He said that Mr. Hoover had come for a discussion of technical engineering questions, the nature of which he did not know.

Carries Sheaf of Data

When Mr. Hoover entered the council room he had with him a sheaf of data to which he expected to refer in the discussion. This data was understood to include the results of scientific investigation and research on questions of production. The meeting of the council was executive.

While Federation of Labor officials were reticent about the subjects to come before the council today, it was indicated that Mr. Hoover would be asked to discuss means of reducing waste in production. This was understood to include discussion of research on questions of production. The meeting of the council was executive.

Labor leaders, while admitting that there are evils in the labor situation causing concern to the production of goods, are prone to place the blame, if any attaches, to inefficient management. They contend that many difficulties and controversies between labor and its employers have had their inception in inefficient subordinate plant officials.

Mr. Hoover was expected to be asked his opinions on this phase of conditions and whether he could offer a program, which would result in an increase in production through correction of the alleged evils.

Form Reconstruction Policy

Organized labor's program for the coming year is being framed at the meeting of the executive committee of the federation attending the sessions, all of which are executive, outlining labor's reconstruction policy as follows:

Repeal of existing laws and opposition to proposed laws requiring compulsory arbitration of industrial disputes.

Opposition to laws restricting the right of workers to quit work.

Enactment of legislation placing drastic restrictions upon immigration from all parts of the world with the most rigid control of that from central and southeastern Europe.

An intensification of Americanization to counteract the influence of political theories not in harmony with the principles underlying the government of the United States.

Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, declared that organized labor would insist that the present standards of living and working conditions be not reduced and that wages be maintained up to the level of 1914 with due allowance made for the increased purchasing power of the dollar, which government figures, he said, shows to have been more than half.

Mr. Morrison said the American Federation of Labor did not support any political party in the last election, and that consequently the result of the election did not mean that the forces of organized labor had been routed.

Matthew Woll, a vice president of the federation, declared that certain employers were interpreting the result of the election as a license to disregard the interests of the workers, that he felt confident that the American people ultimately would be found on the side of justice in any controversy.

"SHALL JAPAN FIGHT U. S.?"

Tokio Students Ignore Police and Will Discuss Question of War

Tokio, Nov. 16.—(By A. P.)—The students' societies of three of Tokyo's private universities have organized a meeting to be held today to discuss the question, "Shall Japan fight America?" The police have twice summoned a committee from the students and tried unsuccessfully to persuade them to change the subject.

Applications to speak have been received from labor and socialist representatives and members of patriotic societies.

Forecasters of the probable character of the utterances indicate that the majority of the orators will take a bell-curve view.

DR. C. A. DOHAN DIES

Veterinarian Succumbs Suddenly at Home in Darlington

Dr. Charles A. Dohan, a veterinarian, of Darlington, Delaware county, died suddenly this morning in his home. He was fifty-two years old and had been ill one week.

Dr. Dohan was born in this city and graduated from the veterinary school of the University of Pennsylvania. He was a son of the late Michael J. and Catherine E. Dohan.

Dr. Dohan, who was a member of the Rose Tree Hunt Club and other clubs, was unmarried. He is survived by two sisters, Mrs. William F. Wilcox, Darlington, Pa., and Mrs. Bernard Hankey, of England, and by two brothers, John T. Dohan, Darlington, and Joseph M. Dohan, Chestnut street near Thirtieth, this city.

NORTHEAST ROUSED BY TAX INCREASES; WILL FIGHT MAYOR

Rate Property Owners of Three Wards to Form Anti-Administration Party

MOORE IS DOING NOTHING BUT TALK, ASSERTS CRITIC

Voters in the Twenty-third, Thirty-fifth and Forty-first wards say they will organize a new independent Republican party to fight the Moore administration because of increased real estate assessments in their section.

A deputation from this territory, the northeastern part of the city, visited the assessors' offices at City Hall this morning. When their demands for redress from what they termed excessive and unfair assessments were met only with the customary appeal slips, they held an indignation meeting in the corridor. The angry taxpayers did not spare words in blaming Mayor Moore and the present city administration for the rating up of assessments on small properties, and said that from now on they would work for the organization of a party to fight the administration at the September primaries.

The wards in the northeastern section of the city which are for reorganization include all that territory bounded on the south and west by Tacony and Frankford creeks, on the east by the Delaware river and on the north by City Line. The complainants, Lawrence Fox Chase, Frankford, Bridesburg, Wissinoming, Tacony, Holmesburg, Torresdale and Somerton.

The assessors who sat today to hear the complaints of the householders were Joseph Sumner, Frank Gaskill, G. Frank Lever, Edmund P. Macken, Thomas Shalleross and John Curley.

Through With Moore

Among those who presented their claims and later voiced their indignation was John E. Murray, who lives on Bustleton pike, Somerton, whose house and stable, formerly assessed at \$3200, will now bear tax valuation of \$5000, he said.

Another was J. Gwynn, who lives on Cemetery road, in the same section. His house and garage were increased from \$3000 to \$5000.

Robert H. Byrnes, of Byberry road, Somerton, complained that his house was increased to \$4500 from \$3000.

"The Moore administration is